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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/597,956	05/01/2007	Thorsten Lohmar	P19248-US1	8416
27045 ERICSSON IN	7590 03/31/200 C.	EXAMINER		
6300 LEGACY DRIVE			RECEK, JASON D	
	M/S EVR 1-C-11 PLANO, TX 75024		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2442	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/597,956	LOHMAR ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	JASON RECEK	2442			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	lely filed the mailing date of this communication. (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>01 Ma</u>	action is non-final. ace except for formal matters, pro				
Disposition of Claims					
 4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-16 and 20-25 is/are pending in the a 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-16 and 20-25 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or 	vn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access Applicant may not request that any objection to the of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner	epted or b) objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 14 August 2006.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ite			

DETAILED ACTION

This is in response to application 10/597956 filed on May 1st 207 in which claims 1-16 and 20-25 are presented for examination.

Status of Claims

Claims 1-16 and 20-25 are pending, of which claims 1, 20, 22 and 25 are in independent form.

Claims 20-24 are currently rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101.

Claims 1-16 and 20-25 are currently rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

1. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

Claims 20-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter.

Regarding claims 20 and 22, they are directed towards an apparatus however the claims do not recite any physical hardware elements. The "units" recited by the claims can be interpreted as purely software. Software per se is not patentable subject matter. See MPEP 2106.01.

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Regarding claims 21 and 23-24, they do not add limitations that would render the claims patentable. Therefore they are also rejected since they depend from a rejected claim.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-5, 7-16 and 20-25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tatsumi et al. US 2002/0095635 A1.

Regarding claim 1, Tatsumi discloses "transmitting the content data to the plurality of clients" and "coupling the plurality of clients to a proxy server to initiate post-processing transactions" (paragraph 19), "the broadcaster communicating with the proxy server to provide sufficient information to handle any of the port-processing transactions requested" (paragraph20), "determining ... a plurality of available proxy servers", "randomly selecting" and "contacting ... the selected proxy server" as selecting a path (paragraph 26). Tatsumi does not explicitly disclose a "proxy server" however Tatsumi teaches a device that performs a similar function (Fig. 1) and is in bidirectional communication with the clients. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to put this functionality into a proxy

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server. This is merely the combination of known elements according to their established function in order to yield a predictable result.

Regarding claim 2, Tatsumi discloses "contact intervals ... specifying the time period in which the proxy servers may be contacted" as specifying a retransmission waiting time (paragraphs 121-124).

Regarding claim 3, Tatsumi discloses "sending ... information pertaining to content data that has or has not been correctly received" (paragraph 117).

Regarding claim 4, Tatsumi discloses "sending ... information to reconstruct the content data" (paragraphs 157-158).

Regarding claim 5, Tatsumi discloses "sending ... a notification that the content data was either successfully or unsuccessfully received" (paragraph 118).

Regarding claim 7, Tatsumi discloses "prompts within the content data" (paragraph 114).

Regarding claim 8, Tatsumi discloses "purchase of an object or service" (paragraph 114).

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Regarding claim 9. Tatsumi discloses "a request to obtain additional content data" (paragraph 97).

Regarding claim 10, Tatsumi discloses "a URL within ... the data" (paragraph 65).

Regarding claim 11, Tatsumi does not explicitly disclose "providing, by the broadcaster to each of the proxy servers, at least a portion of the content data" however this is taught by Tatsumi as transferring data to the retransmitting (proxy server) for the purpose of retransmitting (paragraph 157).

Regarding claim 12, Tatsumi discloses "information ... is in embedded in the broadcast" (paragraph 64).

Regarding claim 13, Tatsumi discloses "contact intervals ... is embedded in the broadcast" as a receiving end time which indicates the beginning of a contact interval (paragraph 65).

Regarding claim 14, Tatsumi discloses "selection based on an attribute of the plurality of clients" (paragraph 98).

Regarding claim 15, Tatsumi discloses "multicast" (paragraph 68).

Regarding claim 16, Tatsumi does not explicitly disclose "adjusting the number of available proxy servers ... based on the number of post-processing transactions" however it is well known in the art to adjust resources based on usage requirements and thus the modification of Tatsumi to adjust the number of retransmitting stations (proxy servers) based on demand is merely applying that which is well known in the art in order to yield a predictable result (system capability to handle required load).

Regarding claims 20, 22, and 25, they are apparatus claims that correspond to the method of claim 1, therefore they are rejected for similar reasons.

Regarding claims 21 and 23, they correspond to the method of claim 2, therefore they are rejected for similar reasons.

Regarding claim 24, Tatsumi discloses "determines one or more post-processing transactions" as setting a retransmission request permission (paragraph 64).

4. Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tatsumi in view of Hudson et al. US 2003/0204613 A1.

Regarding claim 6, Tatsumi does not explicitly disclose "a digital rights manager" however this is taught by Hudson (paragraph 70). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Tatsumi with the DRM

taught by Hudson for the purpose of distributing content. A DRM is well known in the art and yields predictable results (as evidenced by Hudson). Thus the combination is merely the combination of known elements according to their established function in order to yields a predictable result.

Conclusion

5. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Chiu et al. US 6,526,022 B1 discloses using repair heads (i.e. proxy servers) for reliable multicast transmissions (Fig. 1).

Walsh US 2005/0182842 A1 discloses re-transmission of missing data.

Cinghita et al. US 2008/0056256 A1 discloses a system for broadcasting data over a unidirectional network that reduces required bandwidth and is easily scalable (abstract).

Van Renesse US 6,724,770 B1 discloses using buffers (i.e. proxy servers) to store data that may be lost during broadcast transmissions.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to JASON RECEK whose telephone number is (571)270-1975. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon - Fri 9:00am-5:30pm.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Andrew Caldwell can be reached on (571) 272-3868. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Andrew Caldwell/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2442

/Jason Recek/ Examiner, Art Unit 2442 (571) 270-1975